Arkansas continues to improve in national child economic well-being rankings, but health and education gaps widen on important indicators

*The 30th KIDS COUNT® Data Book provides the most comprehensive annual report on child well-being in the United States*

LITTLE ROCK, Arkansas – The number of Arkansas children living in poverty has continued to improve, according to data released today in the annual Annie E. Casey Foundation *KIDS COUNT® Data Book*. The number of Arkansas children living in poverty decreased by 9,000 from 2016 to 2017, and Arkansas’s overall economic well-being rank improved from 44th to 36th in national rankings. Key indicators in the health and education domains, however, have worsened since last year.

The state’s overall ranking in this year’s report improved from 41st to 40th.

The *2019 KIDS COUNT Data Book* notes measurable progress since the first *Data Book*, which was published in 1990. Nevertheless, more than 13 million U.S. children, including 156,000 children in Arkansas, live in poverty, and serious racial and ethnic disparities persist.

Arkansas’s rankings

While Arkansas’s children have greater economic well-being compared to last year, the state lost ground in the education and health domains. Our students need significant help in reading and math proficiency, as the state remains toward the bottom on both measures. A bright note is that Arkansas continues to rank in the top 15 states for children attending pre-K and for high school graduation rates. Arkansas’s overall health ranking fell from 30th to 37th, with more low birth-weight babies, fewer children with health insurance (the first decline there since 2010) and more child deaths since the previous year.

The data show that Arkansas’s child population grew by almost 85,000, or 13.6 percent, from 1990 to 2017. Notably, the increase was led by growth in the number of children who are Hispanic, Asian/Pacific Islander or American Indian. The number of Hispanic children grew by almost 80,000,
now accounting for 12 percent of the total child population, compared to 1 percent in 1990. Both the non-Hispanic Black and White populations of children declined slightly during that time.

“The data demonstrate the urgent need to enact policies that help close our state’s persistent racial and ethnic gaps in child outcomes and the well-being of our increasingly diverse child population. We must ensure that all children have opportunities to reach their full potential because the success of all children is essential to our state’s future,” said Rich Huddleston, executive director of Arkansas Advocates for Children and Families. “We can help by making greater investments in programs and policies that help keep kids healthy, educated and secure. Earned Income Tax Credits (EITC), for example, have been shown to improve low birth-weight rates, a key health indicator where Arkansas historically struggles.”

The *KIDS COUNT Data Book* shows how essential accurate data are to sound policymaking. In Arkansas, 22 percent of children under 5 are at risk of being missed in the 2020 census, especially those in low-income families, those living in rural areas, and those who are immigrants and people of color. The 2010 census missed 2.2 million such kids, and the upcoming count may miss even more if young children are not a priority. The stakes are high: 55 major federal programs, including Head Start and the Children’s Health Insurance Program, allocate more than $880 billion to states each year based on census data; Arkansas receives close to $10 billion a year in federal funding for these important programs.

The annual *KIDS COUNT Data Book* from the Annie E. Casey Foundation uses 16 indicators to rank each state across four domains — health, education, economic well-being and family and community — as an assessment of child well-being. Arkansas ranks:

- 36th in economic well-being. Arkansas families have experienced progress in economic security, with a six percent decrease in the percentage of children living in poverty compared to 2010. More than one in five Arkansas children (22 percent, well above the national average) continue to live in poverty, however, indicating an urgent need for families to have permanent pathways out of poverty.
- 32nd in education. With 49 percent of children ages 3 and 4 attending school, preschool and early education attendance continue to be a bright spot in Arkansas and above the national average. We must help our students achieve proficiency in grade-level reading and math, however, as we are below the national average on both indicators.
- 45th in the family and community domain. Fewer children are living in high-poverty areas, and the teen birth rate continues to decline, but Arkansas has maintained the highest teen birth rate of all states for six out of the past eight years.
- 37th in health. While Arkansas has reduced the number of children without health insurance by 43 percent since 2010, a recent uptick in the number of uninsured kids requires urgent attention to correct.

**Policies that can make a difference**

“America’s children are one-quarter of our population and 100 percent of our future,” said Casey Foundation President and CEO Lisa Hamilton. “All of the 74 million kids in our increasingly diverse
country have unlimited potential, and we have the data, knowledge and evidence to create the policies that will help them realize it. It’s incumbent on us to do just that.”

The Casey Foundation points to areas of tremendous improvement in children’s lives — including access to health care, decreased rates of teen childbearing and increased rates of high school graduation — and draws a direct line to policies that support this success. Especially as the child population is expanding, there are steps that policymakers should take to help all children thrive. The Casey Foundation calls on elected officials and representatives to:

- **Expand the programs that make and keep kids healthy.** For the sake of all children, regardless of their immigration status, states should expand access to Medicaid. Arkansas, though a Medicaid expansion state, needs to reverse the troubling increase in uninsured children.
- **Provide the tools proven to help families lift themselves up economically.** Federal and state Earned Income Tax Credits (EITC) and child tax credit programs mean working parents can use more of their take-home pay to meet their children’s needs. Arkansas is one of 23 states without a state-level Earned Income Tax Credit.
- **Address ethnic and racial inequities.** The national averages of child well-being can mask the reality that children of color still face a greater number of obstacles. Federal and state governments should adopt policies to address these inequities.
- **Count all kids.** Ensure the 2020 census counts all children, especially those under 5 years old and from hard-to-count areas.

The 2019 *KIDS COUNT Data Book* is the 30th edition of an annual data study that is based on U.S. Census and other publicly available data, representing all 50 states, the District of Columbia and Puerto Rico.

**Release Information**

The 2019 *KIDS COUNT Data Book* will be available June 17 at 12:01 a.m. EDT at www.aecf.org. Additional information is available at www.aecf.org/databook. Journalists interested in creating maps, graphs and rankings in stories about the *Data Book* can use the KIDS COUNT Data Center at datacenter.kidscount.org. Additional advance data on Arkansas rankings is available by request.

**About Arkansas Advocates for Children and Families**

Arkansas Advocates for Children and Families is a statewide, nonprofit child advocacy organization established in 1977. Our mission is to ensure that all children and their families have the resources and opportunities to lead healthy and productive lives and to realize their full potential.

**About the Annie E. Casey Foundation**

The Annie E. Casey Foundation creates a brighter future for the nation’s children by developing solutions to strengthen families, build paths to economic opportunity and transform struggling communities into safer and healthier places to live, work and grow. For more information, visit www.aecf.org.

###